## Resilient Small (<1 MLD) Water Treatment Works

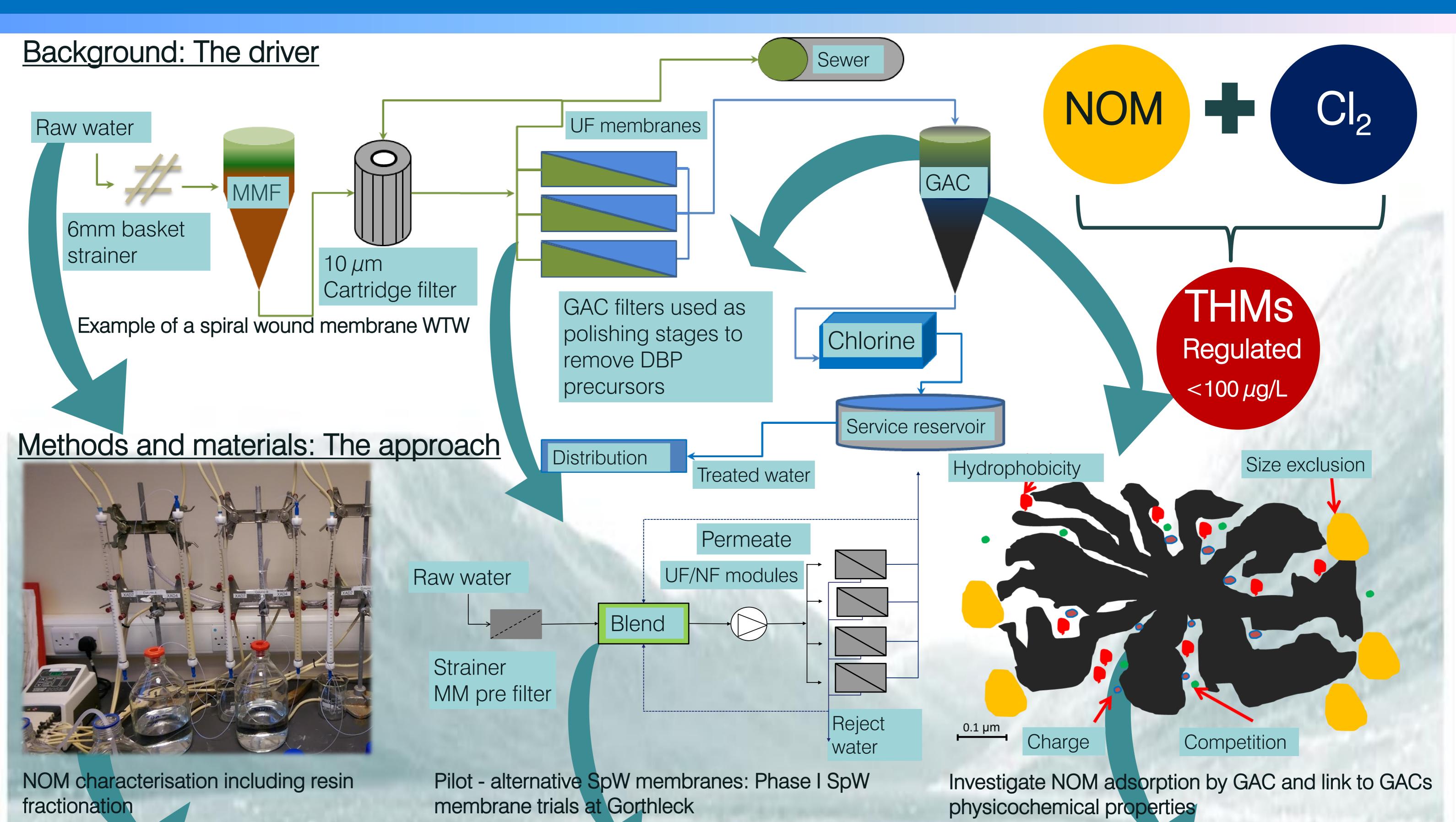
CIWEM Water Research in Scotland, Wednesday 30th November 2016 – Glasgow, UK

Student: Dan Golea

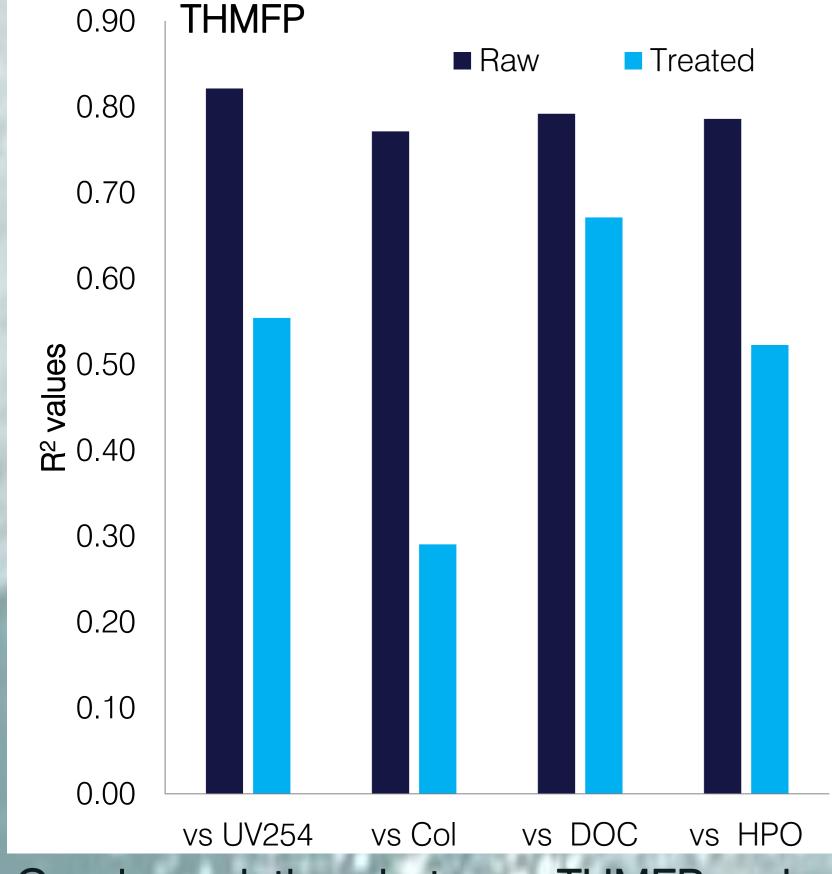
Academic supervisors: Prof Peter Jarvis and Prof Simon Judd Industrial supervisors: Graeme Moore and Stewart Sutherland



The Industrial Doctorate Centre for the Water Sector



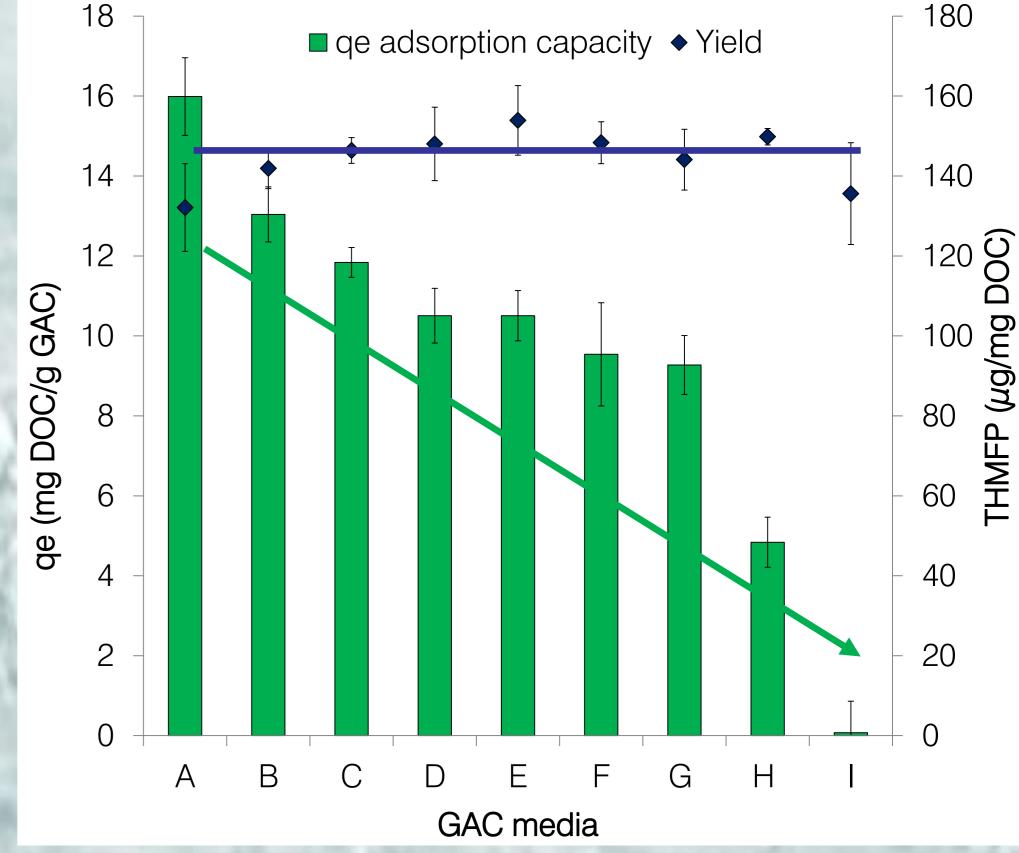
## Results



Good correlations between THMFP and NOM indicators in raw water

## ♦% Yield 8000 MWCO 30 MDOC passage 3000 MWCO Passag 1000 MWCO 2000 MWCO %DOC 700 MWCO 260 MWCO 1000 10000 MWCO (Da)

Decreasing reactivity and %DOC passage in line with decreasing MWCO



Decreasing adsorption capacity across the range of media; no significant change in reactivity

## Conclusions and further work

UV<sub>254</sub> as good of an indicator for THMFP as the others in raw water – useful for online raw water NOM monitoring over time. Investigate treatment optimisation tools

Alternative membrane products apear competitive: Undertake Gorthelck under real life conditions

There is a difference in adsorption capacity between GACs: investigate using RSSCTs and pilot

Provide an indication of the best alternative SpW membrane product and GAC media to suit the NOM characteristics of source water

